(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

一、持續營運編製帳目基準

根據香港政府於二零零零年二月三 日刊登憲報之市區重建局條例草案 (該草案)第三十一條,當該草案第 II部至第VIII部執行時,土地發展公司將會解散;而當該草案之第II 執行時,一個名為市區重建局(市建局)的法人團體將會成立。市建局並會於當日以繼續營運原則接管公司所有的業務、資產及負債。因此,雖然法律上公司預算在短期內不再存在,但本帳目仍以持續營運基準編製。

二、主要會計政策

(一)帳目編製基準

雖然土地發展公司條例並無此 項規定,但本帳目乃按照香港 會計師公會頒佈所有適用的會 計實務準則和解釋、香港普遍 採納之會計原則,及香港公司 條例之披露規定編製。下列為 本集團採用的主要會計政策的 撮要。

本帳目以歷史成本為計算基準 編製。

(二)綜合帳基準

綜合帳目包括土地發展公司及 其附屬公司每年截至三月三十 一日止之帳目。年內購入或出 售附屬公司的結果已包括在綜 合收支表內,由購入或出售之 日開始或為止,視情況而定。 所有公司間的重大交易及結餘 均於綜合帳內註銷。

(三)收益計算

在集團可能得到經濟利益,以 及收益與成本(如適用者)能以 可靠方法計算的情況下,收益 依據以下準則在收支表入帳。

1. Basis of Preparation of The Accounts - Going Concern

According to Clause 31 of the Urban Renewal Authority Bill (URA Bill), which was gazetted on the Hong Kong Government Gazette on 3 February 2000, The Land Development Corporation shall be dissolved when Parts II to VIII of the URA Bill come into operation. In addition, when Part II of the URA Bill comes into operation, a body corporate to be named the Urban Renewal Authority (URA) shall be established. The URA will assume all the operations, assets and liabilities of the Corporation at that date on a continuing basis. Consequently, the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis even though in legal terms, the Corporation is not expected to exist in the near future.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation of the accounts

Although not required to do so under the Land Development Corporation Ordinance, these accounts have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Statements of Standard Accounting Practice and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the accounts is historical cost.

(b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the Corporation and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 March each year. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account from or to the date of their acquisition or disposal, as appropriate. All material intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

(c) Revenue recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account as follows:

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

二、主要會計政策(續)

(三)收益計算(續)

- (甲)除下列(丁)所述情況外, 出售物業的收入乃於售出 建成之重建物業或在領得 入伙紙之後入帳,二者以 較後之日期為準。
- (乙)除下列(丁)所述情況外, 出售重建項目權益的收入 於簽訂合約時入帳。
- (丙) 聯合發展協議生效時收取 的地產發展商按金(附註十 (一)) 於集團履行有關按金 的責任,以及可以令聯合 發展協議可能取消的事項 失去時效,並不得退款之 後隨即入帳。
- (丁) 以分期收取價款的分期銷售而言,屬於售價的收入 (不包括利息) 在銷售當日入賬。售價是以估算利率 折現應收分期款而釐定的 價款現值。利息是以計入 估算利率的時間比例為基 準在賺取時確認為收入。
- (戊) 利息收入以權責發生制入 帳。
- (己)租金收入於租約期內按直線分攤方式計算。

在本年度之前,於(丙)項所述 的地產發展商按金乃依循(甲) 及(乙)所列的會計政策入帳。 本年度則採用了於(丙)項列明 的新政策,以便更適當地列出 集團的業績及財務狀況。

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (c) Revenue recognition (continued)
 - (i) Except for (iv) below, income from sale of properties is recognised upon the sale of completed properties or the issue of the occupation permit, whichever is later.
 - (ii) Except for (iv) below, income from sale of interests in development projects is recognised upon signing of the agreement.
 - (iii) Deposits received from third party property developers at the inception of joint development agreements (Note 10(a)) are recognised as soon as the Group has performed its obligations in respect of the deposits and the events leading to the possible cancellation of the joint development agreements have lapsed, and the deposits have become non-refundable.
 - (iv) For instalment sales, under which the consideration is receivable in instalments, revenue attributable to the sales price, exclusive of interest, is recognised at the date of sale. The sales price is the present value of the consideration, determined by discounting the instalments receivable at the imputed rate of interest. The interest element is recognised as revenue as it is earned, on a time proportion basis that takes into account the imputed rate of interest.
 - (v) Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis.
 - (vi) Rental income is recognised on a straight line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

In prior years, the deposits received from third party property developers referred to in (iii) above were recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account following the accounting policies referred to in (i) and (ii) above. During the current year, a new policy for these deposits was adopted as set out in (iii) above in order to give a more appropriate presentation of the results and financial position of the Group.

二、主要會計政策(續)

(三)收益計算(續)

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Revenue recognition (continued)

As a result of this change in accounting policy, the Group's revenue and the Group's net deficit for the year ended 31 March 2000 have been increased and decreased respectively by \$215,000,000. This change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively and the comparative figures for the year ended 31 March 1999 have been restated to conform to the new policy. The effect of the change in respect of the year ended 31 March 1999 is a decrease in the Group's net surplus for the year of \$546,356,000. Accumulated Surplus as at 31 March 1998 and 31 March 1999 has been increased by \$726,356,000 and \$180,000,000 respectively.

(四)折舊

固定資產之折舊乃將其原值, 按估計使用年期以直線方式攤 銷,其折舊率如下:

有租約土地

一 按租約剩餘年期攤銷

建築物業

每年百分之二,如年期在 五十年以下,按租約剩餘 年期攤銷

有租約物業修繕

按租約剩餘年期攤銷

機器及設備

一 每年百分之十

車輛

一 每年百分之二十五

傢俬及辦公室設備

每年百分之二十至百分之 三十三又三分一

(d) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the costs of fixed assets over their anticipated useful lives on a straight line basis as follows:

Leasehold land

Over the unexpired terms of the leases

Buildings

2% per annum or over the period of the unexpired lease if less than 50 years

Leasehold improvements

Over the unexpired terms of the leases

Plant and machinery

- 10% per annum

Motor vehicles

25% per annum

Furniture and office equipment

- 20% to 33 1/3% per annum

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

二、主要會計政策(續)

(五) 營運租約

營運租約中之租金支付,按租 約期限以直線方式分攤計入收 支帳項。

(六)已購入有待重建物業

- (甲) 已購入有待重建物業乃以 成本入帳,直至決定該項 重建計劃會否與地產發展 商合作為止。
- (乙)土地發展公司可於與地產 發展商達成協議重建物業 後,向地產發展商收取該 物業酬資。成本與酬資之 間如有差額,該差額於本 公司收支帳項中列為盈餘 或虧損入帳。
- (丙)物業倘毋須涉及地產發展 商而重建者,該物業成本 將重新分類為發展中物業 入帳。

(七)發展中物業

發展中物業乃指由本公司所支 付於有地產發展商參與或由公司 司獨力發展的重建物業之全部 成本,包括自己購入有待重建 物業重新分類之物業成本權之 貸成本、已行使之提名權之 体(參看附註二(九)),其他 發展計劃有關之成本及安置 、(炎者附註: (人))再加減管理局認為必須的 準備。

發展計劃完成後,已發展物業 之有關成本將按適當基準而攤 分保留部份及出售部份。

於資產負債表日所持有將出售 之物業,以成本或可變現淨 值,兩者取較低者列帳。

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Operating leases

Rental payments under operating leases are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account on a straight line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

(f) Properties acquired pending redevelopment

- (i) Properties acquired pending redevelopment are stated at cost until a decision is reached as to whether the redevelopment is to be undertaken with or without the involvement of a third party property developer.
- (ii) When agreement is reached with a third party property developer to redevelop a property and when the Corporation receives a consideration in respect of the property from the third party property developer, the difference between the cost and the consideration received, if any, is recognised as a surplus or a deficit in the Corporation's Income and Expenditure Account.
- (iii) When a property is to be redeveloped without the involvement of any third party property developer, the cost of the property is reclassified as property under development.

(g) Properties under development

Properties under development represent all costs incurred by the Corporation in connection with property redevelopment with or without the involvement of a third party property developer, and include the cost of properties being reclassified from properties acquired pending redevelopment, borrowing costs, costs of nomination rights exercised (see Note 2(i) below), other costs incurred in connection with the development and the additional amounts written off against rehousing properties referred to in Note 2(h) below, less any provisions as considered necessary by the members of the Managing Board.

On completion of the development, the relevant cost of the developed property will be apportioned between the part to be retained and the part to be sold on an appropriate basis.

Property to be sold at the balance sheet date will be stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Notes on the Accounts

(以港元為單位)

二、主要會計政策(繳)

(八)安置物業

安置物業乃指土地發展公司重接公司重接公司重接公司重接公司重接。 計劃影響之住戶。公遠域計劃影響之住戶。收取遠間的租金,租期並無限制的所建等。 值的租金,租期並無限關係。 分數業入伙後,每個安減至 位之帳面價值會進一步接至便 位之帳面價值會進一步發展,單 中物業入帳,並列入發展中 共物成本之中。(參看附註二 (七))

(九)有關香港房屋協會安置單位提 名權之成本

土地發展公司與香港房屋協會 (房協)訂有協議,由公司支付 某數量的房協安置單位的地 及發展成本,以取得提名受資 公司重建項目影響而合符資 的住戶入住房協屋邨出租單位 (相同數量)的權利。當本公司 行使此權利時,適當部份的成 本將轉撥發展中物業(參看附註 二(七))入帳。提名權的成本所 以管理局認為必須的減值準備 而減少(臨時性者除外)。

(十)投資附屬公司

在公司資產負債表內對附屬公司的投資乃以成本價扣除由管理局依個別附屬公司決定之減值準備(臨時性者除外)列帳。 所有此類準備均於收支表內作支出入帳。

(十一) 遞延稅項

遞延税項之準備乃根據負債 方式按在收入與支出上會計 與税收處理方法的重要時間 差異而計算,以備在可見之 未來可能出現負債情況。

除非未來的遞延税項收益毋 可置疑,否則不會入帳。 (expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Rehousing properties

Rehousing properties represent properties held by the Corporation for the purpose of providing accommodation for affected tenants of development projects who are charged a rent which is substantially below the market value for an indefinite period. Accordingly, in addition to normal provision of depreciation, the carrying value of each rehousing flat is further written down to \$1 when it is so occupied. The additional write off is charged to properties under development and recognised as part of the cost of properties under development referred to in Note 2(g) above.

Costs of nomination rights in relation to the Hong Kong Housing Society's rehousing units

Under an agreement with the Hong Kong Housing Society (HS), the Corporation will pay for the land premium and the development costs of a number of rehousing units for HS. In return, the Corporation has the right to nominate the same number of eligible clearees to become tenants of HS in their rental estates. When the Corporation exercises such nomination rights, an appropriate portion of the costs is charged to properties under development referred to in Note 2(g) above. The costs of the nomination rights will also be reduced by any provision for diminution in value which is other than temporary where the members of the Managing Board considers if necessary.

(j) Investment in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiaries in the Corporation's Balance Sheet is stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value which is other than temporary as determined by the members of the Managing Board for each subsidiary individually. Any such provisions are recognised as an expense in the Income and Expenditure Account.

(k) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method in respect of the taxation effect arising from all material timing differences between the accounting and tax treatment of income and expenditure, which are expected with reasonable probability to crystallise in the foreseeable future.

Future deferred tax benefits are not recognised unless their realisation is assured beyond reasonable doubt.

二、主要會計政策(續)

(十二)借貸成本

借貸成本乃於所產生之期間 計入收支帳,惟直接撥充收 購及建造一項資產(需要一段 頗長時間方能達致其擬定用 途或出售者)之借貸成本則除 外。

(十三)外幣換算

年內之外幣交易均按交易日 之匯率換算為港元入帳。以 外幣結算之貨幣資產及負債 均按結算日之匯率換算為港 元。匯兑差額列入收支帳中 處理。

(十四)關連方

(十五) 現金等價物

現金等價物乃屬短期性,套 現能力高的投資而毋須通知 即可換取可預知金額的現 金,並於購入後三個月內到 期者。為編製現金流量表, 現金等價物包括銀行墊款, 此等墊款須於借貸日起三個 月內償還。 (expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(1) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in the Income and Expenditure Account in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalised as being directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

(m) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are dealt with in the Income and Expenditure Account.

(n) Related parties

For the purposes of these accounts, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

(o) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash without notice and which were within three months of maturity when acquired. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash equivalents would also include advances from banks repayable within three months from the date of the advance.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

三、營業額

集團的主要活動乃藉承擔和推動市 區重建而改善香港的住屋水準及環 境。

營業額乃指由出售物業、出售發展 計劃的權益、地產發展商按金、定 期存款利息、出售物業應收帳款利 息及租金所得之收入。

出售物業 出售發展計劃權益 地產發展商按金

利息收入 租金收入

四、除税前營運虧損

除税前營運虧損已減除/(加入)下 列項目:

(一) 財務成本

香港政府貸款之利息

銀行貸款之利息 其他利息 其他借貸成本

減:轉撥發展中物業資本之帳 款*(附註九)

* 發展中物業的借貸成本以每年 百分之五至八點三七五(一九九 九年:百分之五點六八七五至 八點三七五)計算。

3. TURNOVER

The principal activities of the Group are to improve the standard of housing and the environment in Hong Kong by undertaking and promoting urban renewal.

Turnover represents proceeds from the sale of properties, sale of interests in development projects, deposits received from third party property developers, interest earned on time deposits and on receivables from the sale of properties, and rental income.

	2000	1999
	\$'000	\$'000
		-
Sale of properties	102,500	11,375,254
Sale of interests in development projects	289,791	150,000
Deposits received from third		
party property developers	215,000	-
Interest income	66,996	34,030
Rental income	25,671	29,953
	699,958	11,589,237

4. OPERATING DEFICIT BEFORE TAXATION

Operating deficit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting) the following items:

2000

1999

		\$'000	\$'000
(a)	Finance Cost		
	Interest on loan from the Hong Kong		
	Government	1,148	1,207
	Interest on bank loans	107,250	23,604
	Other interest	247,963	194,810
	Other borrowing costs	869	14,033
		357,230	233,654
	Less: Amount capitalised into Properties Under		
	Development*(Note 9)	(356,082)	(194,810)
		1,148	38,844
	*	====	

* The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 5% to 8.375% per annum (1999: 5.6875% to 8.375%) for properties under development.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

四、除税前營運虧損(續)

準備前銷售成本# 發展中物業虧損準備

總銷售成本 員工成本

核數師酬金 折舊

營運租約費用
一 辦公室租金
管理局及執行總監酬金

(二)其他

4. OPERATING DEFICIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

	2000	1999
	\$'000	\$'000
-		-
(b) Other items		
Cost of sales before provision#	394,014	9,630,387
Provision for loss on properties under		
development	-	1,956,914
Total cost of sales	394,014	11,587,301
Staff costs	190,150	191,716
Auditors' remuneration	460	633
Depreciation	27,154	24,410
Operating lease charges		
 rental of office premises 	35,143	39,867
Managing Board and Executive Directors'		
Remuneration		
- fees for non-executive members (including		
the 3 ex officio members) of the Managing		
Board (2000: 15 persons, 1999: 15 persons)	1,010	1,010
– emoluments for Chief Executive, two Deputy		
Chief Executives and seven executive		
directors (2000: 10 persons, 1999: 10 persons)	37,023	33,941

薪酬包括薪金、津貼、公積 金計劃供款及退職金。截至 二零零零年三月三十一日止 年度的酬金包括在上年度非 全年擔任總監的人士的全年 酬金。

年:十人)

管理局非執行成員(包括 三位當然成員) 袍金(二 零零零年:十五人;一 九九九年:十五人)
總裁、兩名副總裁及七 名總監的薪酬(二零零零 年:十人;一九九九

減除直接支出後之物業租金收 入

銷售成本包括屬於員工成本的 一百六十一萬八千元(一九九九

年:一百六十二萬元),此數額 已包括在上列的員工成本內。 Emoluments include salaries, allowances, provident fund scheme contributions and gratuities. Emoluments for the year ended 31 March 2000 included the full year remuneration of those who only served as executive directors for part of the previous year.

Rental income from properties less direct outgoings (11,382) (18,114)

Cost of sales include \$1,618,000 (1999: \$1,620,000) relating to staff costs. The amount is also included in staff costs disclosed separately above.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

五、税項

(一) 綜合收支表內税項為:

退回税項

5. TAXATION

(a) Taxation in the Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account represents:

	2000	1999
	\$'000	\$'000
Tax Refund	3,558	

集團於本年度出現虧損,故並 無税項準備。 No taxation has been made for the year as the Group sustained a loss for taxation purposes.

(二) 資產負債表內税項為:

(b) Taxation in the Balance Sheets represents:

	集團及公司		
	Group and Corporation		
	2000	1999	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Provisional Profits Tax paid	(33,164)	(50,468)	
Balance of Profits Tax payable relating to prior years	94,643	125,388	
Taxation payable	61,479	74,920	

已預繳利得税 與往年度有關之 應繳利得税項結餘

應繳税項

(三)因時間差異產生之遞延税項數額不大,故未有提撥遞延税項準備。

(c) No provision for deferred taxation has been made as the effect of all timing differences is immaterial.

六、除税後虧損

除税後之綜合虧損包括公司帳目內 已列報之虧損五千二百八十七萬五 千元(一九九九年:四億二千九百五 十五萬五千元。)

6. Deficit After Taxation

The consolidated deficit after taxation includes a deficit of \$52,875,000 (1999: \$429,555,000) which has been dealt with in the accounts of the Corporation.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

t,	固定	資產	(扣紧	计折	舊後)	
----	----	----	-----	----	-----	--

7. Fixed Assets (Net of Depreciation)

、 闽 正 資 座 (扣)	陈折售俊) 7.	FIXED ASSETS (NET OF I	DEPRECIA	TION)			
					集團		
					Group		
				有租約	機器		
			土地及	物業修繕	及設備		
			建築物業	Leasehold	Plant &		
			Land &	improve-	machin-	其他	總計
			buildings	ments	ery	Others	Total
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
原值:		Costs:					
一九九九年四月-	一日	At 1 April 1999	468,691	65,479	68,992	35,222	638,384
添置		Additions	420	14,449	646	2,159	17,254
出售		Disposals	(50,291)	(3,909)	(3,321)	(2,128)	(59,649)
二零零零年三月3	三十一日	At 31 March 2000	418,400	76,019	66,317	35,253	595,989
累積折舊:		Accumulated depreciation:					
一九九九年四月-	一日	At 1 April 1999	180,500	22,542	44,190	17,502	264,734
本年度折舊		Charge for the year	2,855	11,016	6,237	7,046	27,154
附加註銷		Additional amounts written					
(附註二(七)、	(八) 及九)	off (Notes 2(g), (h) & 9)	4,461	_	274	_	4,735
出售撥回		Written back on disposal	(4,083)	(2,854)	(1,654)	(1,111)	(9,702)
二零零零年三月3	三十一日	At 31 March 2000	183,733	30,704	49,047	23,437	286,921
帳面淨值:		Net book value:					
二零零零月三月三	三十一日	At 31 March 2000	234,667	45,315	17,270	11,816	309,068
一九九九年三月三	三十一日	At 31 March 1999	288,191	42,937	24,802	17,720	373,650
				===			

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

七、固定資產(扣除折舊後)(續)

7. FIXED ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION) (continued)

公司

			C	orporation		
			有租約 物業修繕	機器及設備		
			Leasehold	Plant &	44-71	64. 3.1
			improve-	machin-	其他	總計
		buildings \$'000	ments \$'000	ery \$'000	Others \$'000	Total \$'000
原值:	Costs:					
一九九九年四月一日	At 1 April 1999	468,691	65,479	68,992	34,196	637,358
添置	Additions	-	13,824	646	2,156	16,626
出售	Disposals	(50,291)	(3,909)	(3,321)	(2,125)	(59,646)
二零零零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2000	418,400	75,394	66,317	34,227	594,338
累積折舊:	Accumulated depreciation:					
一九九九年四月一日	At 1 April 1999	180,500	22,542	44,190	16,480	263,712
本年度折舊	Charge for the year	2,855	10,958	6,237	7,042	27,092
附加註銷	Additional amounts written					
(附註二(七)、(八)及九)	off (Notes 2(g), (h) & 9)	4,461		274	-	4,735
出售撥回	Written back on disposal	(4,083)	(2,854)	(1,654)	(1,108)	(9,699)
二零零零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2000	183,733	30,646	49,047	22,414	285,840
帳面淨值:	Net book value:					
二零零零月三月三十一日	At 31 March 2000	234,667	44,748	17,270	11,813	308,498
一九九九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 1999	288,191	42,937	24,802	17,716	373,646

在香港之土地及建築物業帳面淨值 之分析如下:

The analysis of net book value of land and buildings in Hong Kong is as follows:

		集團及公司 Group and Corporation	
		2000 \$'000	1999
按長期租約按中期租約	under long leasesunder medium-term leases	157,952 76,715	160,572 127,619
		234,667	288,191

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

七、固定資產(扣除折舊後)(續)

土地發展公司所持有之土地及建築物業,乃主要作為安置受重建計劃影響住戶之用;少量商用物業,則作出租之用。根據附註二(八),本年度土地發展公司提撥四百七十三萬五千元(一九九九年:五百一十九萬元)之附加準備,將已入伙的安置單位每個減值至一元。

於重新估計各項資產的可用壽命 後,部份辦公室設備的折舊率由百 分之二十增至百分之三十三又三分 一,致本年度折舊數額增加一百五 十七萬七千元。

7. FIXED ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION) (continued)

The Corporation's land and buildings are mainly held for the purpose of rehousing affected tenants of development projects while a small number of commercial premises are held for rental. During the year, an additional provision of \$4,735,000 (1999: \$5,190,000) was made to write down the occupied rehousing flats to \$1 each in accordance with Note 2(h).

With effect from 1 April 1999, following a re-appraisal of the estimated useful lives of various assets, the rate of depreciation for certain office equipment was increased from 20% to 33 1/3% per annum, resulting in an increase of \$1,577,000 in depreciation charge for the year.

八、已購入有待重建物業

8. Properties Acquired Pending Redevelopment

	亲图及公司 Group and Corporation	
	2000	1999
Balance brought forward Transfer to a redevelopment project with the	10,942	27,473
involvement of a third party property developer (Note 2(f)(ii))		(16,531)
Balance carried forward	10,942	10,942

作 圃 及 八 司

承上年度結餘 轉撥予有地產發展商參與之 重建計劃(附註二(六)(乙))

轉下年度結餘

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

九、發展中物業

為重建購入物業之成本: 承上年度結餘 本年度內增添 本年度內完成

轉下年度結餘

承上年度結餘 本年度內增添

本年度內完成

轉下年度結餘

總計成本 虧損準備

安置物業之附加註銷

(附註二(七)、(八)及七)

發展費用:

9. Properties Under Development

	集團及公司 Group and Corporation		
	2000	1999	
Cost of properties acquired for redevelopment:		649	
Balance brought forward	5,585,583	2,812,572	
Additions during the year	945,700	2,773,011	
Completed during the year	(339,040)		
Balance carried forward	6,192,243	5,585,583	
Development expenditure:			
Balance brought forward	414,147	197,394	
Additions during the year	479,473	327,585	
Additional amounts written off against rehousing			
properties (Notes 2(g), (h) & 7)	4,735	5,190	
Completed during the year	(79,318)	(116,022)	
Balance carried forward	819,037	414,147	
Total costs	7,011,280	5,999,730	
Provision for loss	(1,900,000)	(1,956,914)	
	5,111,280	4,042,816	

發展中物業乃本公司於二零零零年 三月三十一日止未獲地產發展商參 予的九項重建計劃的成本。本年度 內之增添包括資本化利息及其他借 貸成本共三億五千六百零八萬二千

元(附註四)(一九九九年:一億九千

四百八十一萬元)。

Properties under development represent costs of 9 redevelopment projects undertaken by the Corporation without the involvement of development partners at 31 March 2000. Additions to development expenditure during the year include capitalised interest and other borrowing costs of \$356,082,000 (Note 4) (1999: \$194,810,000).

管理局在研究於二零零零年三月三十一日是否需作額外準備時,已考慮到各重建計劃的推行及竣工時間,以及公司將由市建局接手;該局在補地價方面將享有一定優惠,而該等優惠是公司現時沒有的。故此,毋需在集團截至二零零年三月三十一日年度內的發展中物業中作出額外準備。

In deciding whether there was any need for additional provisions as of 31 March 2000, the Managing Board considered the timing of the implementation and completion of the various projects and the fact that the Corporation will be succeeded by the URA which will have certain advantages, not enjoyed to date by the Corporation, in relation to the land premium due on various sites. Accordingly, no additional provisions are needed to be made against properties under development in the Group's accounts for the year ended 31 March 2000.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

十、投資附屬公司

10. Investment in Subsidiaries

		4	H1
		Corporation	
		2000	1999
		\$'000	\$'000
		·	2
非上市股份原值	Unlisted shares, at cost	1	1
			1

下列為土地發展公司直接全資擁 有, 並在香港註冊成立之主要附屬 公司:

The names of the principal subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned directly by the Corporation and are incorporated in Hong Kong, are as follows:

Ally Town Investment Limited

Apia Limited Artena Limited Benington Limited Doddington Limited

Jonava Limited

Lewanna Limited

Lillington Limited Opalman Limited

西港城有限公司

除西港城有限公司專責營運西港城 外,上述附屬公司之主要業務為參 與土地發展公司及地產發展商之合 作發展計劃,而合作條款包括下列 各項:

- (一) 地產發展商在協議生效時付予 土地發展公司按金;
- (二) 地產發展商支付全部地盤購入 費用及以後之發展費用;
- (三)由地產發展商及土地發展公司 共同分配發展後出售物業溢 利。

發展計劃須先按照土地發展公司條 例規定獲得有關當局批准, 始可付 諸實行。

Ally Town Investment Limited

Apia Limited Artena Limited Benington Limited Doddington Limited Jonava Limited Lewanna Limited Lillington Limited

Opalman Limited

Western Market Company Limited

With the exception of Western Market Company Limited which is engaged in the operation of the Western Market, the principal activity of each of the above subsidiaries is to participate in joint development agreements with the Corporation and third party property developers on terms which provide, inter alia, for the following:

- (a) the payment by the third party property developer to the Corporation of a deposit at the inception of the agreement;
- (b) the payment by the third party property developer of all costs relating to the acquisition of the site and the subsequent development costs; and
- (c) the sharing of the profit on sale of the property after development between the third party property developer and the Corporation.

The implementation of the development projects is subject to the approvals required under the Land Development Corporation Ordinance.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

十一、交易及其他應收帳款

應收附屬公司帳款 出售物業應收帳款

出售發展計劃權益應收帳款

按金、預付款及應收帳款

11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	集	團	公司	
	Gro	oup	Corpo	Corporation
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Amounts due from subsidiaries	_	-	_	274
Receivables from sale of				
properties	1,057,590	1,055,976	1,057,590	1,055,976
Receivable from sale of interest				
in a development project	_	150,000	<u>-</u>	150,000
Deposits, prepayments and				
receivables	15,363	8,050	15,268	6,721
	1,072,953	1,214,026	1,072,858	1,212,971

截至二零零零年三月三十一日之 應收帳項包括於該日到期之十億 零五千一百六十萬元。該帳項於 其後收訖。集團及公司餘下所有 交易及其他應收帳款可期於一年 內收回。

Receivables from sale of properties at 31 March 2000 included a sum of \$1,051,600,000 which was due for settlement on 31 March 2000. The sum was subsequently settled after the year end date. All of the remaining trade and other receivables of the Group and Corporation are expected to be recovered within one year.

十二、現金及現金等價物

12. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		集 Gro		公司 Corpor	ration
		2000 \$'000	1999	2000 \$'000	1999
銀行定期存款 減:代合作發展項目託管款項	Time deposits with banks Less: Amounts held in trust for	71,322	172,498	64,707	157,127
	joint development projects	(6,615)	(15,371)	-	
		64,707	157,127	64,707	157,127
銀行存款及現金 減:代合作發展項目託管款項	Cash at banks and in hand Less: Amounts held in trust for	238	112	175	12
	joint development projects	(9)	(1)	-	-
		229	111	175	12
		64,936	157,238	64,882	157,139

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

十三、交易及其他應付帳款

應付附屬公司帳款

13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	集團	图	公司	
	Gro	up	Corpor	ation
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	\$'000	\$'000	\$°000 	\$'000
Amount due to a subsidiary Deposits received, accounts	-	(2)	1,055	209
payable and accruals	173,726	361,000	171,257	357,196
	173,726	361,000	172,312	357,405

所有交易及其他應付帳款可期於 一年內清付。

已收按金,應付帳款及未付費用

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year.

十四、香港政府計息貸款

- (一)香港政府已預留一億元之須 付利息貸款予土地發展公司 作為公司開辦成本及初期營 運資金之用。本公司於截至 一九八九年三月三十一日止 之年度內分六次共提取三千 一百一十五萬元。
- (二)每次提取貸款之須付息率為 每年五厘,並自一九九三年 三月三十一日止之年度開始 於二十五年內平均攤還。截 至二零零零年三月三十一日 止之年度內已償還之貸款總 額為一百二十四萬六千元。

14. Interest-Bearing Loan from the Hong Kong Government

- (a) An interest bearing loan facility of \$100 million was made available by the Hong Kong Government to the Corporation to finance its establishment and initial operation, and \$31,150,000 was drawn down during the year ended 31 March 1989 in 6 tranches.
- (b) Each tranche of drawdown carries interest at a rate of 5% p.a. and is repayable in equal instalments from the year ended 31 March 1993 over a period of 25 years. A total amount of \$1,246,000 of the loan was repaid during the year ended 31 March 2000.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

十四、香港政府計息貸款(續)

14. Interest-Bearing Loan from the Hong Kong Government

(continued)

(三)於二零零零年三月三十一日 之貸款償還情況如下:

(c) At 31 March 2000, the loan was repayable as follows:

	Group and Corporation	
	2000	1999
	\$'000	\$'000
Within 1 year	1,246	1,246
After 1 year but within 2 years	1,246	1,246
After 2 years but within 5 years	3,738	3,738
After 5 years	16,198	17,444
	 	

集團及公司

21,182

22,428

集團及公司

22,428

23,674

一年內 一年後兩年內 兩年後五年內 五年後

十五、長期計息負債

15. Interest-Bearing Long-Term Liabilities

	Group and Corporation	
	2000	1999
	\$'000	\$,000
Interest-bearing long-term payables Unsecured interest-bearing	3,678,549	3,188,495
long-term bank loans (Note 16)	650,000	991,261
	4,328,549	4,179,756

長期應付計息帳款 無抵押長期銀行計息貸款 (附註十六)

長期計息負債乃指根據荃灣及堅 尼地城項目之項目實施協議而應 付予承建商之部份項目發展成本 (包括利息在內)。 Interest-bearing long-term payables represent part of the development costs of projects payable to contractors, including interest, under the project implementation agreements for the development of Tsuen Wan and Kennedy Town projects.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

十六、無抵押銀行計息貸款

於二零零零年三月三十一日之無 抵押銀行計息貸款償還情況如 下:

16. Unsecured Interest-Bearing Bank Loans

At 31 March 2000, unsecured interest-bearing bank loans were repayable as follows:

集團及公司

		Group and Corporation	
		2000	1999
		\$'000	\$'000
一年內	Within 1 year	1,112,000	22,000
一年後兩年內	After 1 year but within 2 years	650,000	300,000
兩年後五年內	After 2 years but within 5 years	-	691,261
		650,000	991,261
		1,762,000	1,013,261
			-

一年內到期的無抵押銀行計息貸款包括三個月內到期的銀行貸款 共九億七千二百萬元(一九九九:二千二百萬元)

Unsecured interest-bearing bank loans payable within 1 year includes bank loans repayable within three months amounting to \$972,000,000(1999: \$22,000,000).

十七、發展儲備

部份盈餘,其數額由管理局決定,撥作發展儲備,作為資本項目未來計劃中的重大支出之用。

17. DEVELOPMENT RESERVE

Amounts are set aside in a development reserve at the Managing Board's discretion as appropriations out of surplus in view of plans for future substantial expenditure on capital projects.

		集團及	
		Group and C	orporation
		2000	1999
		\$'000	\$'000
		 .	
承上年度結餘	Balance brought forward	725,000	625,000
轉撥自收支帳	Transfer from Income and Expenditure Account	1.1-2	100,000
轉下年度結餘	Balance carried forward	725,000	725,000

Notes on the Accounts

(以港元為單位)

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

十八、公積金計劃

集團為合資格的僱員設有一項定 額供款之公積金計劃,該計劃已 根據香港「職業退休計劃條例」註 冊。有關之資產由獨立管理機構 分開管理。據該計劃規定,僱員 須每月供款月薪百分之二點五至 百分之五(視其級別而定),而集 團供款則為僱員月薪百分之十至 百分之十五(視僱員年資而定)。

凡受僱十年或以上僱員,均可獲 集團全數供款之福利,如受僱兩 年至九年,則可享有集團供款百 分之二十至百分之九十。截至二 零零零年三月三十一日止之年 度,集團於該公積金計劃供款之 總額為一千三百三十二萬三千元 (一九九九年:一千三百四十六 萬七千元),並已計算在本年度 之收支帳項內。

管理局通過集團在強制性公積金 於二零零零年十二月一日實行後 保留此計劃。

十九、承擔

(一)資本性承擔

於二零零零年三月三十一 日,資本性承擔如下:

經批准及有合約承擔 經批准而未有合約承擔

18. PROVIDENT FUND SCHEME

The Group has a defined contribution provident fund scheme ("the Scheme") registered under the Hong Kong Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance ("ORSO") for its eligible employees. The assets of the Scheme are held separately under a provident fund managed by an independent administrator. Pursuant to the rules of the Scheme, the employees are required to contribute 2.5% to 5% of their monthly salaries depending on the grading whilst the Group contributes 10% to 15% of the employee's monthly salaries depending on the years of service of the employees.

The employees are entitled to the full benefit of the Group's contributions after joining the Scheme for 10 years, or at a reduced scale of between 20% and 90% after joining the Scheme from 2 to 9 years. The total amount contributed by the Group into the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2000 was \$13,323,000 (1999: \$13,467,000) and was charged to the Group's Income and Expenditure Account for the year.

The Managing Board resolved that the Group would retain the Scheme after the introduction of the Mandatory Provident Fund on 1 December 2000.

19. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital Commitments

Capital commitments at 31 March 2000 were as follows:

	集團及公司 Group and Corporation	
	2000	1999
	\$'000	\$'000
Authorised and contracted for	_	12,139
Authorised but not contracted for	8,006	150

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

十九、承擔(續)

(二)管運租約承擔

於二零零零年三月三十一 日,土地發展公司下年度之 營運租約承擔如下:

19. COMMITMENTS (continued)

Leases expiring:

Within 1 year

(b) Operating Lease Commitments

At 31 March 2000, commitments under operating leases to make payments in the next year were as follows:

集團及公司

	Group and	l Corporation
_		

1999	2000
辦公室	辦公室
Office	Office
premises	premises
\$'000	\$'000
	175.
124	463
40,747	39,900
40,871	40,363

租約期滿:

- 一年內
- 一年後五年內

二十、重大關連方交易

土地發展公司是香港政府根據土 地發展公司條例(香港法例第十 五章)成立的法定機構。根據會 計實務準則第二十號「關連方披 露」,本公司與政府部門、代理 機構或由政府控制的公司所進行 的交易(以正常商業條款進行的 交易除外) 均視為關連方交易。

本年度內,公司曾進行以下重大 關連方交易:

- (一) 本公司償還政府貸款的利息 及本金。詳情見賬目附註四 及十四。
- (二) 本公司付還香港政府地政總 署收回土地及清場工作所產 生的二千七百八十三萬四千 元(一九九九:二千一百萬 零二千元)實際費用,該費 用取代以往政府按收回土地 補償金額徵取百分之三的行 政費。

20. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

After 1 year but within 5 years

The Corporation is a statutory body established by the Hong Kong Government under the Land Development Corporation Ordinance (Chapter 15). Transactions entered into by the Corporation, other than those transactions which are entered into by enterprises in general in the course of their normal dealings with Government Departments, agencies or Government controlled entities, are considered to be related party transactions pursuant to Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 20 "Related Party Disclosures".

During the year, the Corporation had the following material related party transactions:

- (a) The Corporation made payment in interest and principal on a Government loan. Details are disclosed in notes 4 and 14 on the accounts.
- (b) The Corporation reimbursed the Government \$27,834,000 (1999: \$21,002,000) for actual costs incurred by the Lands Department of the Government in connection with resumption and site clearance work, in lieu of the 3% administrative charge previously levied on all resumption compensation amounts.

(expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)

二十、重大關連方交易(續)

(三)土地發展公司付還香港政府 規劃地政局及規劃署二千四 百六十四萬七千元(一九九 九:二千一百七十三萬九千 元)員工成本及辦公室經 費用。規劃地政局在重建項 目中負責協調本公司與其他 政府部門、代理機構或由政 府控制的公司之間的工作。 規劃署則協助本公司加快進 行市區重建項目。

20. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) The Corporation reimbursed the Government \$24,647,000 (1999: \$21,739,000) for staff cost and office overheads incurred by the Planning and Lands Bureau ("PLB") and the Planning Department ("PD") of the Government. The PLB acts as a co-ordinator between the Corporation and other Government Departments, agencies or Government controlled entities in connection with redevelopment projects. The PD assists the Corporation to expedite the processing of its urban renewal projects.

二十一、比較數字

21. Comparative Figures

The presentation and classification of items in the accounts have been changed due to the adoption of the requirements of SSAP 1 (revised) "Presentation of Financial Statements". As a result, additional line items have been included on the face of the Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account and the Balance Sheets as required by SSAP 1 (revised), such as other revenue, other net income, finance cost, analysis of expenses, and trade and other receivables. Comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. Certain comparative figures have also been adjusted as a result of a change in accounting policy for deposits received from third party property developers, details of which are set out in Note 2 on the accounts.

二十二、帳目核准

本帳目已於二零零零年六月十 五日經管理局核准。

22. Approval of Accounts

The accounts were approved by the Managing Board on 15 June 2000.